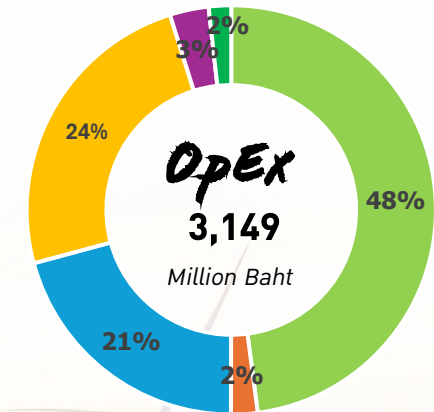
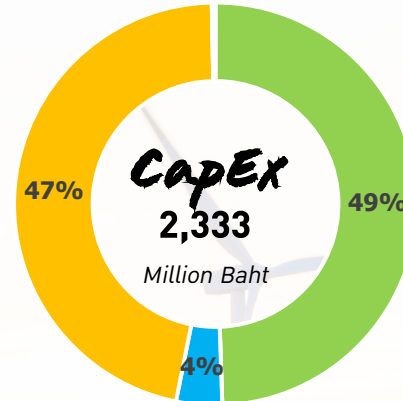
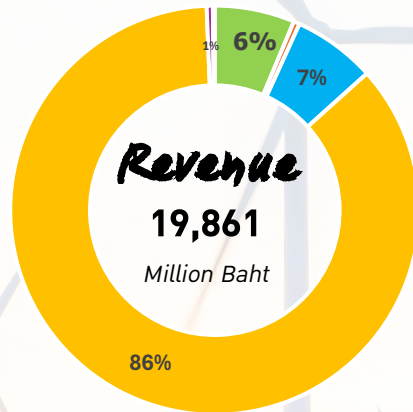


BANGCHAK GROUP *TAXONOMY* 2025

Applying the EU Taxonomy disclosures on a voluntary basis (Self Declaration Method)

BANGCHAK GROUP TAXONOMY 2025



Bangchak Group voluntarily considers applying EU Taxonomy disclosures (Self-Declaration Method), as its criteria provide an important reference point for demonstrating the positive impacts of sustainability activities. The EU Taxonomy is a classification system for economic activities adopted by the European Union to direct financial flows toward environmentally sustainable projects.

Bangchak Group has mapped its eligible economic activities against the EU Taxonomy, covering the first two environmental objectives: climate change mitigation and climate change adaptation. Bangchak Group's activities fall under 6 main eligible activities, as follows:

-  Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology
-  Electricity generation from wind power
-  Electricity generation from hydropower
-  Manufacture of biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids
-  Anaerobic digestion of sewage sludge (Production and Utilizations of biogas)
-  Transport by electrical motorbikes rental vehicles

SUMMARY

An activity is **“Taxonomy-eligible”** if it is described in a delegated act adopted under the Taxonomy, irrespective of whether it complies with the technical screening criteria. Such an activity could potentially make a substantial contribution to a given environmental objective.

An activity is **“Taxonomy-aligned”** if it contributes substantially to one or more environmental objectives, does no significant harm “DNSH” to any of the other objectives, is carried out in compliance with minimum human and labor rights safeguards, and complies with the relevant technical screening criteria.

2025	TURNOVER (REVENUE)			CAPEX			OPEX		
A. TAXONOMY-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES									
A.1: Environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)	2,779	Million Baht	0.55%	1,247	Million Baht	6.40%	2,382	Million Baht	22.87%
A.2: Taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (non Taxonomy-aligned)*	17,082	Million Baht	3.37%	1,086	Million Baht	5.58%	767	Million Baht	7.37%
TOTAL A.1+A.2	19,861	Million Baht	3.91%	2,333	Million Baht	11.98%	3,149	Million Baht	30.24%
B. TAXONOMY-NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES									
	487,709	Million Baht	96.09%	17,138	Million Baht	88.02%	7,265	Million Baht	69.76%
TOTAL A+B	507,570	Million Baht	100%	19,471	Million Baht	100%	10,414	Million Baht	100%

Note: * Partially complies technical screening criteria of Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids, production based on palm oil, molasses, cassava chips and waste cooking oil feedstock without CCS



TURNOVER of Bangchak Group were determined on the basis of Revenues from contracts with customers (sales from operations)



CapEx of Bangchak Group were determined on the basis of Property, Plant and Equipment, Intangible Assets also covers additions to tangible and intangible assets resulting from business combinations.



OpEx of Bangchak Group were determined on the basis of fixed costs which, starting from accounting data relating to purchases of goods and materials, services, labour costs and other charges, and non-capitalized R&D cost excluding raw materials costs and own used fuel costs.

OUR ASSESSMENT

Number *	Activity Lists	Description
4.1	Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology	 BCPG Public Company Limited (BCPG), is one of Asia-Pacific’s leading companies in clean energy with solar, hydro, wind, and natural gas power located in Thailand, Taiwan, Laos, Vietnam, the Philippines and the United States. BCPG has total commercial operation capacity of 1,474.6 MW and projects under development of 485.7 MW.  Solar Power (Thailand and Taiwan) Total contracted capacity 673.4 MW  Hydropower (Laos/Vietnam) Total contracted capacity 114.0 MW  Wind Power (Thailand, The Philippines, Laos) Total contracted capacity 315.6 MW  Cogeneration (Natural Gas) (The United States) Total contracted capacity 857.3 MW
4.3	Electricity generation from wind power	
4.5	Electricity generation from hydropower	
4.13	Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids	 The largest biofuel producer and distributor in Thailand. BBGI Biodiesel Company Limited (BBGI-BI), biodiesel capacity 1,000,000 L/D BBGI Bioethanol Public Company Limited, Located in Nam Phong District (BBGI-NP), ethanol capacity 350,000 L/D BBGI Bioethanol Public Company Limited, Located in Bo Phloi District (BBGI-BP), ethanol capacity 300,000 L/D BBGI Bioethanol (Chachoengsao) Company Limited (BBGI-PS), ethanol capacity 150,000 L/D  Thailand’s First and Only Producer and Supplier of Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF), capacity of 1 million liters
5.6	Anaerobic digestion of sewage sludge (Production and Utilization of biogas)	BBGI Utility and Power Co., Ltd. (BUP) , engaged in the production and distribution of bioenergy, electricity, and utility services.(Group subsidiary)
6.5	Transport by electrical motorbikes rental vehicles	Winnonie , a startup within Bangchak Group focused on electric mobility innovation and battery swapping solutions to improve the quality of life of public motorcycle riders.

*Activity number by EU taxonomy guideline



Electricity Generation Using Solar, Wind and Hydro (1/3)

Substantial contribution to climate change mitigation as following,

- 4.1 The activity generates electricity using solar PV technology
- 4.3 Electricity generation from wind power
- 4.5 Electricity generation from hydropower

Climate change adaptation

The management has assessed the climate-related risk of exposure of the BCPG's assets to acute (solar, wind, and hydropower) and chronic hazards (solar), setting generic criteria for DNSH to climate change adaptation, following the guidelines of **TCFD report**.

BCPG conducts context-specific qualitative and quantitative scenario analysis of climate-related risks in accordance with **Enterprise Risk Management Framework - COSO ERM 2017**

We used Think Hazard (qualitative assessment methodology) to identify hazard baseline and used CCKP (Climate Change Knowledge Portal by World Bank) to project change under SSP1-2.6 and SSP5-8.5 scenarios in 2025, 2030, and 2050 timeframes "

The outcome to define the action plan to achieve the objective of climate change adaptation:

- Existing asset:** Prepare a natural disaster risk assessment and management plan before starting each investment, Obtain insurance to cover loss of income (All Risk and Business Interruption Program), Prepare a recovery plan for natural disasters, Weather forecast and closely monitor on a daily, monthly, and yearly basis as appropriate
- New Asset:** Develop a business continuity plan (BCP) and business continuity management (BCM) system which cover major operations, Conduct training and create a crisis management plan to limit the consequences of an emergency, Expand sources of water supply for hydro power business.

Physical Risk Baseline by ThinkHazard Tool



Solar & Wind Power (17 Sites)



Hydro Power (2 Sites)

No.	Company Name	District	Province	Country	Technology	Think Hazard evaluator							
						River flood	Urban flood	Coastal flood	Earthquake	Landslide	Tsunami	Cyclone	Water scarcity
1	Bangchak Solar Energy (Prachinburi) Co., Ltd.	Wiset Chai Chan	Ang Thong	Thailand	Solar	H	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	H
2	Bangchak Solar Energy (Buriram) Co., Ltd.	Nong Ki	Buriram	Thailand	Solar	L	L	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
3	Bangchak Solar Energy (Buriram) Co., Ltd.	Prakhon Chai	Buriram	Thailand	Solar	L	L	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
4	Bangchak Solar Energy (Chaiya-phum) Co., Ltd.	Bannet Nangong	Chaiyaphum	Thailand	Solar	L	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
5	Bangchak Solar Energy Co., Ltd.	Bannet Nangong	Chaiyaphum	Thailand	Solar	L	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
6	BCPG PCL.	Tha Muang	Kanchanaburi	Thailand	Solar	H	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
7	BSE Power (Kanchanaburi) Co., Ltd.	Bo Phloi	Kanchanaburi	Thailand	Solar	H	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
8	BSE Power (Kanchanaburi) Co., Ltd.	Bo Phloi	Kanchanaburi	Thailand	Solar	H	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
9	BSE Power (Lopburi) Co., Ltd.	Khok Samrong	Lopburi	Thailand	Solar	L	L	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
10	Bangchak Solar Energy (Nakhon Ratchasima) Co., Ltd.	Dan Khun Thot	Nakhon Ratchasima	Thailand	Solar	L	L	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
11	BCPG PCL.	Bang Pa-In	Phra Nakhon Si Ayutthaya	Thailand	Solar	N/A	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
12	Bangchak Solar Energy Co., Ltd.	Bang Pa-In	Phra Nakhon Si Ayutthaya	Thailand	Solar	N/A	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
13	Bangchak Solar Energy (Prachinburi) Co., Ltd.	Bang Pa-In	Phra Nakhon Si Ayutthaya	Thailand	Solar	N/A	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
14	BCPG Wind (Udon) Co., Ltd.	Paik Phanang	Nakhon Si Thammarat	Thailand	Wind	H	H	H	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
15	Bangchak Solar Energy (Prachinburi) Co., Ltd.	Bang Pa-In	Phra Nakhon Si Ayutthaya	Thailand	Solar	N/A	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
16	Bangchak Solar Energy (Prachinburi) Co., Ltd.	Kabin Buri	Prachinburi	Thailand	Solar	H	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
17	BSE Power (Prachinburi) Co., Ltd.	Muang	Prachinburi	Thailand	Solar	H	H	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
18	BCPG PCL.	Phra Phutthabat	Saraburi	Thailand	Solar	H	L	N/A	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
19	Asia Link Terminal Co., Ltd.	Ban Laem	Phetchaburi	Thailand	Infrastructure	H	L	H	L	VL	N/A	N/A	L
20	Nam San 3A	Khoun	Xiang Khouang	Lao PDR	Hydro	VL	H	N/A	VL	H	N/A	N/A	L
21	Nam San 3B	Thathom	Xiang Khouang	Lao PDR	Hydro	H	VL	N/A	L	H	N/A	N/A	L

Electricity Generation Using Solar, Wind and Hydro (2/3)

Transition to a circular economy

BCPG has set a target to minimize environmental and community impacts from its operations by integrating the concept of the circular economy. This involves reducing waste at the source, reusing materials, and disposing of waste in accordance with international and environmental standards at every stage of operations. We promote awareness through 5R workplace organization activities and participation in the Low Emission Support Scheme (LESS), which aims to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and raise employee awareness about the importance of using resources efficiently.

Additional Information: [BCPG 56-1 One Report 2025 Page 105-106](#), [Form 56-1 One Report 2025](#) | [BCPG](#)

Protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystem

BCPG recognizes the importance of biodiversity and conducts risk assessments and impact evaluations that may occur. We adhere to the policy of "Protecting biodiversity that may be impacted by operations" by managing impacts on biodiversity to align with this policy. We aim to avoid operations that may have an impact on biodiversity, reduce impacts, restore, and offset impacts created to prevent losses to biodiversity.

Having evaluated the biodiversity risk of projects within the operational areas in Thailand based on their proximity to conservation zones and areas with high critical biodiversity, it has been determined that a Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP) needs to be developed to mitigate potential impacts on living organisms, the environment, and ecosystems.

Additional Information: [BCPG 56-1 One Report 2025 Page 106-107](#), [Form 56-1 One Report 2025](#) | [BCPG](#)

Pollution prevention and control

BCPG is committed to environmental protection and conservation, pollution prevention, compliance with environmental laws and applicable requirements, and continuous improvement of environmental management system to enhance environmental efficiency (ISO 14001: 2015).

Additional Information: <https://www.bcpvgroup.com/storage/document/cg/air-pollution-management-en.pdf>



Electricity Generation Using Solar, Wind and Hydro (3/3)

Sustainable use and protection of water

BCPG recognizes the importance of water resources as a fundamental factor for sustainable development. The Company implements water management measures throughout the project lifecycle —from site selection to operation—to promote efficient water use, comply with the Code of Practice (CoP) for photovoltaic power generation and the ISO 14001 environmental management system, and monitor potential water-related risks.

Water storage and retention systems	Systematic flood prevention	Drainage system inspection	Water recycling and reuse	Water stress assessment
- Assess water requirements for solar panel cleaning to avoid impacts on surrounding communities. - Install water storage tanks and retention ponds to manage water within established limits. - Inspect water quality prior to use.	- Conduct flood risk assessments in project areas. - Prepare emergency response plans for flood events. - Design preventive measures, including protective embankments and water level monitoring points.	- Regularly inspect drainage systems and related equipment to support operational readiness. - Provide training for employees and contractors on safe operation. - Minimize environmental impacts from discharged water.	- Monitor wastewater quality to ensure compliance with applicable standards. - Reuse water for suitable activities where practicable. - Apply water circulation systems to improve water use efficiency and reduce water loss.	- Assess water stress conditions in watersheds near operational sites. - Use assessment results to support water resource management in project areas.

Manufacture of biogas and biofuels (1/3)

Substantial contribution to climate change mitigation as following,

4.13 Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids

5.6 Anaerobic digestion of sewage sludge (Production and Utilization of biogas)

Climate change adaptation

BBGI's operations rely significantly on agricultural raw materials, which may be affected by climate-related risks including droughts, floods, and extreme weather events. We have adopted the guidelines of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) to develop a risk management plan.

The risk of climate change affecting raw material supply

BBGI applies a multi-feedstock strategy to reduce reliance on any single primary raw material and seeks new, reliable raw material sources under changing climate conditions. BBGI also closely monitors water conditions and weather patterns to support long-term feedstock security.

Climate-related risks, including droughts, floods, and extreme weather events, may affect raw material availability and supply chain continuity. Transition risks may also arise from climate-related regulations, carbon pricing mechanisms, and the transition toward a low-carbon economy.

To address these risks, BBGI continues to enhance clean energy usage through biogas utilization from wastewater treatment systems and the expansion of solar power generation systems. In addition, BBGI continuously studies and develops projects with the potential to reduce greenhouse gas emissions throughout its production processes.



Manufacture of biogas and biofuels (2/3)

Sustainable use and protection of water

BBGI continuously strengthens water management practices to support efficient water use and long-term operational resilience across its operations through the following approaches:

1. Water Risk Monitoring and Early Warning System	2) Stakeholder Engagement in Water-Stressed Areas	3) Other Water Management
BBGI conducts water risk assessments and monitors water availability in water-stressed areas to support efficient water resource management and operational resilience.	BBGI collaborates with relevant stakeholders and local authorities to support coordinated water management measures and sustainable water resource management.	BBGI improves water efficiency through water reduction, reuse, and recycling initiatives, including - Increasing the concentration of alcohol in fermentation processes - Reusing wastewater in cleaning processes - Reducing external water use through condensate return systems

Additional Information: [BBGI Sustainability report 2025 Page. 130-134, Form 56-1 One Report 2025 | BBGI](#)

Transition to a circular economy

BBGI applies the 4Rs principles: Reduce, Reuse, Recover, and Recycle, to support resource efficiency and waste management across its operations. The Company manages waste through reuse, recycling, biological treatment for biogas production, and alternative fuel recovery, while promoting zero waste to landfill and ensuring hazardous waste management in compliance with legal requirements.

Additional Information: [BBGI Sustainability report 2025 Page. 144-146, Form 56-1 One Report 2025 | BBGI](#)

Manufacture of biogas and biofuels (3/3)

Pollution prevention and control

BBGI implements air quality and pollution control measures to manage emissions from production processes and support compliance with applicable environmental requirements. The Company conducts regular environmental monitoring for air quality, odor, noise, and workplace conditions around operational sites.

To reduce air pollutant emissions, BBGI applies emission control measures including CO₂ scrubber systems, flare systems for biogas management, and gas-tight covers or gas holders to prevent leakage from wastewater treatment systems. Air pollutant emissions are monitored against internal targets aligned with the US EPA MACT standard, and reported emissions remained within the target levels in 2025.

Additional Information: [BBGI Sustainability report 2025 Page. 146-148](#), [Form 56-1 One Report 2025 | BBGI](#)

Protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems

BBGI manages biodiversity-related environmental impacts through compliance with applicable environmental regulations and the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) requirements. Environmental impacts, including biodiversity and ecosystem considerations, are evaluated during the EIA process prior to project development. The company implements the mitigation and monitoring measures specified in the approved EIA and continues to comply with relevant environmental regulations throughout the operation of its facilities.

MINIMUM SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS: MSS

Bangchak complies with MSS criteria as below,

Human Rights

We recognize the importance of respecting human rights across our business operations and value chain, covering key stakeholder groups. Human rights considerations are integrated into relevant business processes, risk assessments, due diligence practices, supplier expectations, communication and training activities, as well as grievance and whistleblowing channels. We also monitor and review human rights risks and mitigation measures in alignment with applicable laws, international principles, and business contexts, while promoting awareness and responsible practices among relevant stakeholders.



Risk
Assessment



Due diligence



Training &
Awareness building



Grievance



Monitoring &
mitigation measure



Alignment
with laws



Human Rights Model Organization Award 2025,

received from the Ministry of Justice.

This achievement reflects human rights operations that comprehensively cover business processes and various stakeholder groups

MINIMUM SOCIAL SAFEGUARDS: MSS

Human Rights Due Diligence

Frequency: Continuously carried out every year,
with the results published on the Company's website





TURNOVER (REVENUE)

				Substantial Contribution Criteria						DNSH criteria ('Does Not Significantly Harm')									
Economic Activities (1)	Code (2)	Absolute turnover (3)	Proportion of Turnover (4)	Climate Change Mitigation (5)*	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity and ecosystems (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)	Minimum Safeguards (17)	Taxonomy aligned proportion of total turnover, year N (18)**	Category (enabling activity) (20)	Category (transitional activity) (21)
Text		Millions, Baht	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T
A. TAXONOMY-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES			3.85%																
A.1. Environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Anaerobic digestion of sewage sludge	5.6	98	0.02%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation from hydropower	4.5	1,301	0.26%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation from wind power	4.3	95	0.02%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology	4.1	1,255	0.25%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles	6.5	30	0.01%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		T
Turnover of environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned) (A.1)		2,779	0.55%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%							1%	0%	0%	
A.2 Taxonomy-Eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities)																			
Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids	4.13	17,082	3.37%																
Turnover of Taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities) (A.2)		17,082	3.37%																
Total (A.1+A.2)		19,861	3.91%																
B. TAXONOMY-NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
Turnover of Taxonomy-non-eligible activities		487,709	96.09%																
Total (A+B)		507,570	100%																

* For the purposes of this illustrative template, this figure shows the: Taxonomy-aligned turnover of the activity / Total Taxonomy eligible turnover of the activity.

** Taxonomy-aligned turnover of the activity/ Total turnover of undertaking



CAPEX

Economic Activities (1)	Code (2)	Absolute CapEx (3)	Proportion of CapEx (4)	Substantial Contribution Criteria						DNSH criteria ('Does Not Significantly Harm')						Minimum Safeguards (17)	Taxonomy aligned proportion of total CapEx, year N (18)**	Category (enabling activity) (20)	Category (transitional activity) (21)
				Climate Change Mitigation (5)*	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity and ecosystems (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)				
Text		Millions, Baht	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T
A. TAXONOMY-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES			11.98%																
A.1. CapEx of environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Anaerobic digestion of sewage sludge (CapEx A)	5.6	1	0.01%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation from hydropower (CapEx A)	4.5	86	0.44%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation from wind power (CapEx A)	4.3	0	0.00%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology (CapEx A)	4.1	1,154	5.93%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	6%		
Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles (CapEx A)	6.5	6	0.03%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		T
CapEx of environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned) (A.1)		1,247	6.40%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%								6%	0%	0%
A.2 Taxonomy-Eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids (CapEx A)	4.13	107	0.55%																
Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids (CapEx B)***	4.13	979	5.03%																
CapEx of Taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities) (A.2)		1,086	5.58%																
Total (A.1+A.2)		2,333	11.98%																
B. TAXONOMY-NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
Capex of Taxonomy-non-eligible activities		17,138	88.02%																
Total (A+B)		19,471	100%																

* For the purposes of this illustrative template, this figure shows the: Taxonomy-aligned turnover of the activity / Total Taxonomy eligible turnover of the activity.
** Taxonomy-aligned CapEx of the activity/ Total CapEx of undertaking
*** As SAF is still under development and not yet revenue-generating, all CapEx is classified as Type B.



OPEX

				Substantial Contribution Criteria						DNSH criteria ['Does Not Significantly Harm']						Minimum Safeguards (17)	Taxonomy aligned proportion of total CapEx, year N (18)**	Category (enabling activity) (20)	Category (transitional activity) (21)
Economic Activities (1)	Code (2)	Absolute CapEx (3)	Proportion of CapEx (4)	Climate Change Mitigation (5)*	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity and ecosystems (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)				
Text		Millions, Baht	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T
A. TAXONOMY-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES			11.98%																
A.1. CapEx of environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Anaerobic digestion of sewage sludge [CapEx A]	5.6	1	0.01%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation from hydropower [CapEx A]	4.5	86	0.44%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation from wind power [CapEx A]	4.3	0	0.00%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		
Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology [CapEx A]	4.1	1,154	5.93%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	6%		
Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles [CapEx A]	6.5	6	0.03%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0%		T
CapEx of environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned) (A.1)		1,247	6.40%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%								6%	0%	0%
A.2 Taxonomy-Eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids [CapEx A]	4.13	107	0.55%																
Manufacture of biogas and biofuels for use in transport and of bioliquids [CapEx B]	4.13	979	5.03%																
CapEx of Taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not Taxonomy-aligned activities) (A.2)		1,086	5.58%																
Total (A.1+A.2)		2,333	11.98%																
B. TAXONOMY-NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
Capex of Taxonomy-non-eligible activities		17,138	88.02%																
Total (A+B)		19,471	100%																

* For the purposes of this illustrative template, this figure shows the: Taxonomy-aligned turnover of the activity / Total Taxonomy eligible turnover of the activity.

** Taxonomy-aligned OpEx of the activity/ Total OpEx of undertaking



<http://www.bangchak.co.th>



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